GSF | KIID



Key investor information

This document provides you with key investor information about this fund. It is not marketing material. The information is required by law to help you understand the nature and the risks of investing in this fund. You are advised to read it so you can make an informed decision about whether to invest.

European High Yield Bond Fund

A sub-fund of Ninety One Global Strategy Fund ("Ninety One GSF") managed by Ninety One Luxembourg S.A.

Class C Income shares hedged in US dollars ISIN: LU1104034704

Objectives and investment policy

The Fund aims to provide income and long-term capital growth that is greater than that provided by current European high yield bond markets (as represented by market indices - the weighted average of a selected basket of bonds).

The Fund invests primarily in a broad range of higher interest paying bonds (contracts to repay borrowed money which typically pay interest at fixed times), priced in Euro or Sterling. These bonds are issued by governments, institutions or companies from around the world operating in the Eurobond (a market for bonds priced in a currency other than that of the country of the issuer), sterling domestic or euro domestic markets. The bonds may be of investment grade (high quality) or below investment grade as rated by the credit rating agencies (companies that rate the ability of the issuers of bonds to repay borrowed money).

The Fund's investments are primarily priced in euro or hedged (an investment technique which aims to protect the value of an investment against currency movements) back into euro.

The Fund may invest in other assets such as cash, other funds (which may be managed by the Investment Manager, other companies in the same group as the Investment Manager or a third party) and derivatives (financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of an underlying asset).

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes (i.e. in order to achieve the Fund's investment objectives) or for efficient portfolio management purposes e.g. with the aim of either managing the Fund risks or reducing the costs of managing the Fund. The Investment Manager uses a currency hedging strategy that aims to align returns in this currency share class with those achieved in the currency that the Fund's investments are valued in.

The Fund is actively managed. This means the Investment Manager is free to select investments with the aim of achieving the Fund's objectives.

The BofAML European Currency High Yield Constrained Hedged USD Index is used for performance comparison and risk management.

The Fund does not seek to replicate the index. It will generally hold assets that are components of the index, but not in the same proportions, and it is allowed to hold assets which are not components of the index. The Fund will therefore generally look different from the index, and the Investment Manager will monitor performance differences.

Any income due from your investment is paid out to you.

You can buy or sell shares in the Fund on any Business Day as defined in the definitions section of the prospectus.

Recommendation: this Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within the short to medium term.

Risk and reward profile

Lower risk Potentially lower rewards















Potentially higher rewards



Higher risk

This indicator is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund. The risk and reward category shown is not guaranteed to remain unchanged and may shift over time. The lowest category does not mean 'risk free'.

The value of your investment and any income from it can fall as well as rise and you are not certain of making profits; losses may be made.

The Fund appears towards the middle of the Risk and Reward Indicator scale. This is because it invests in bonds whose returns tend to fluctuate more than those of cash funds but less than those of funds which invest in the shares of companies.

Risks that may not be fully captured by the Risk and Reward Indicator:

Default: There is a risk that the issuers of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The worse the credit quality of the issuer, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives: The use of derivatives may increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses leading to large changes in value and potentially large financial loss. A counterparty to a derivative transaction may fail to meet its obligations which may also lead to a financial loss.

Geographic / Sector: Investments may be primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors. This may mean that the resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Government securities exposure: The Fund may invest more than 35% of its assets in securities issued or guaranteed by a permitted sovereign entity, as defined in the definitions section of the Fund's prospectus.

Interest rate: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to decrease when interest rates rise.

Liquidity: There may be insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments giving rise to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than might be anticipated.

Reference Currency Hedging: Reference currency hedging aims to protect investors from a decline in the value of the reference currency only (the currency in which accounts are reported) and will not protect against a decline in the values of the currencies of the underlying investments, where these are different from the reference currency. In addition, where the currencies of the underlying investments are different from the reference currency, investors may suffer a loss when the value of the reference currency increases against the value of the share class currency. There can be no assurance that hedging strategies will be successful and such hedging can positively or negatively impact investors by inaccuracies in the operation of the hedge.

The full list of Fund's risks are contained in the appendices of the Ninety One GSF prospectus.

Charges

The charges you pay are used to pay the costs of running the Fund, including the costs of marketing and distributing it. These charges reduce the potential growth of your investment. The entry charge shown is the most you might pay, in some cases you might pay less. You can find out actual entry charges from your financial adviser.

The ongoing charges figure is based on last year's expenses for the year ending 31December 2019. The figure excludes any performance fee and portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry or exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling units in another fund. Ongoing charges may vary from year to year.

For more information about charges, please see Appendix 1 of the Ninety One GSF prospectus.

One-off charges taken before or after you invest

Entry charge	3.00%		
Exit charge	None		

This is the maximum that might be taken out of your money before it is invested.

Charges taken from the fund over a year

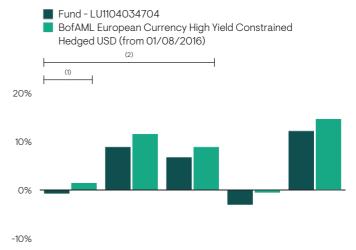
Ongoing charge :	2.57%
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Charges taken from the fund under certain specific conditions

Past performance

Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of your investment and income from it may go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount you invested. The Fund does not track an index, any index shown is for illustrative purposes only.

The past performance shown in the chart takes account of all charges except the Fund's entry charge and the past performance is calculated in US dollars. The Fund was launched on 26 November 1990 and this share class on 30 September 2014.



	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fund	-O.8	8.9	6.8	-3.1	12.2
Index	1.5	11.6	8.9	-0.6	14.7

(1): Due to an investment objective and name change on 30 November 2015, performance was achieved under different circumstances

(2): Due to an investment policy change on 30 November 2017, performance was achieved under different circumstances

Practical information

The Fund's depositary is State Street Bank International GmbH, Luxembourg Branch. The latest published prices for shares in the Fund are available on www.ninetyone.com. Other share classes are available for this Fund as described in the Ninety One GSF prospectus. Luxembourg tax legislation may have an impact on your personal tax position.

The Fund is a sub-fund of Ninety One GSF. You may switch between other Ninety One GSF sub-funds or share classes of the same sub-fund at no extra charge (unless the other share class has a higher entry charge, in which case the difference may be payable). Details on switching are contained in section 5 of the Ninety One GSF prospectus. The assets of the Fund are ring-fenced and cannot be used to pay the debts of other Ninety One GSF sub-funds.

Ninety One Luxembourg S.A. may be held liable solely on the basis of any statement contained in this document that is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent with the relevant parts of the Ninety One GSF prospectus.

Details of the Remuneration Policy relating to Ninety One Luxembourg S.A., including, but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated and the persons responsible for awarding remuneration and benefits, are available at www.ninetyone.com/remuneration. A paper copy will be made available free of charge on request to the Global Distributor at the address below.

English language copies of the Ninety One GSF prospectus and its latest annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained free of charge from Ninety One GSF's Global Distributor: Ninety One Guernsey Limited, P.O. Box 250, St. Peter Port, Guernsey GY1 3QH, Channel Islands.

This Fund is authorised in Luxembourg and supervised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF).

This Key Investor Information Document is accurate as at 2 June 2020.

